

High Altitude Balloon Flight Telemetry and Remote Control Upgrade Winter 2009



February 2009

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- New TNC
- New Transmitter
- New Receiver
- Advantages/Disadvantages of New Transmit/ Receive units vs. Old Transceiver
- Other Goals



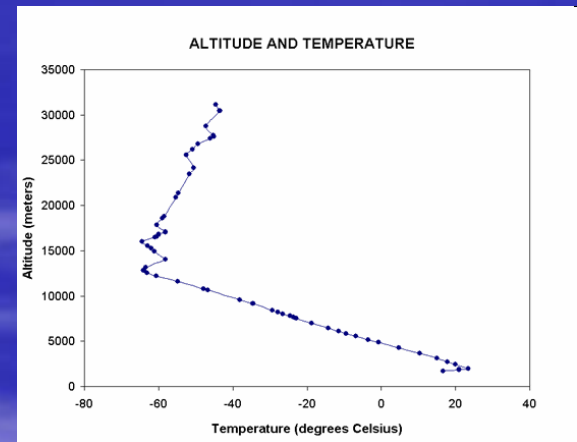
Group Members

- Team
 - Andrew Crowdy
 - Steve Overmyer
- Advisors
 - Dr John Wu
 - Daniel Rahn
 - Bruce Rahn
- Other Teams
 - Two Mechanical Engineering groups
 - Two Electrical Engineering groups
 - One Computer Engineering Group



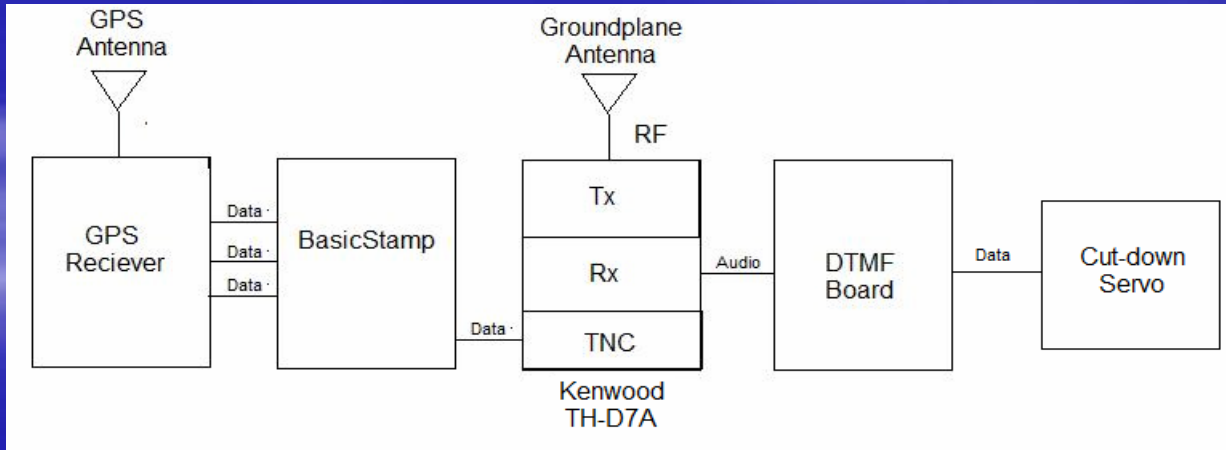
Design Specifications

- Weight
 - According to FAA regulations an unmanned package must weigh under 12 pounds
- Climate
 - As altitude changes the temperature decreases at about 3 degrees F per 1000ft
- Ruggedness
 - Must be able to resist falls

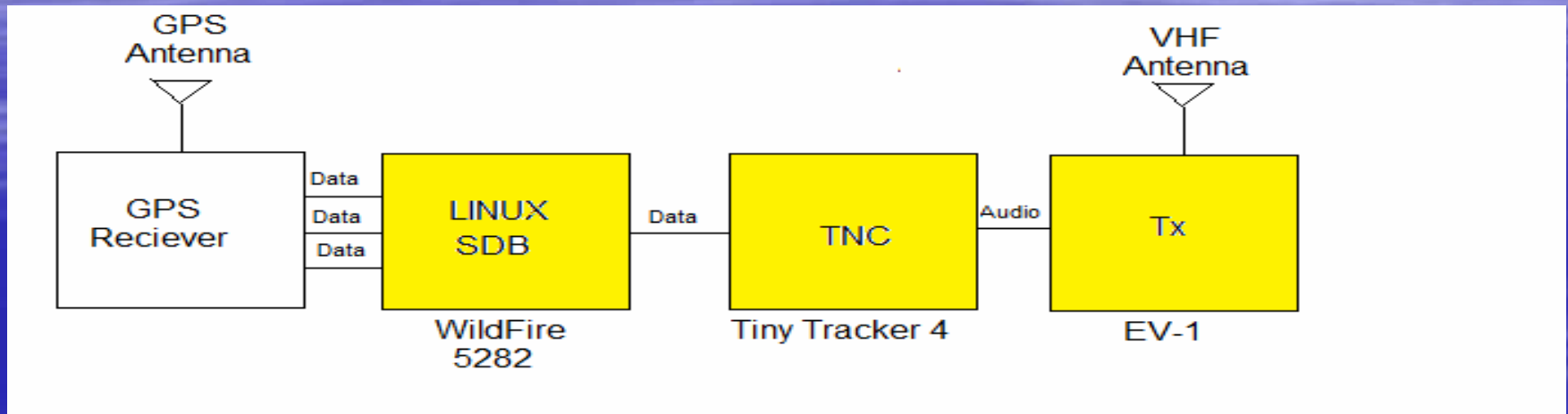


Old Telemetry System

- GPS
- Single Board Computer (SBC)
- Transceiver



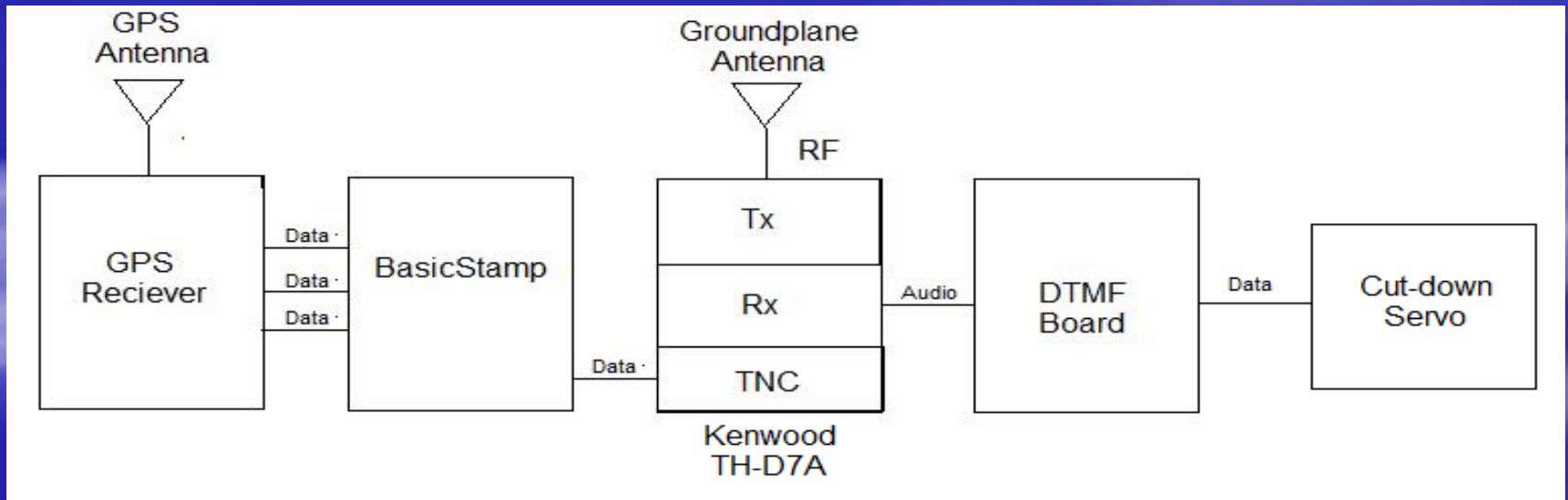
Our Telemetry System



- GPS
- SBC
- Terminal Node Controller (TNC)
- Transmitter

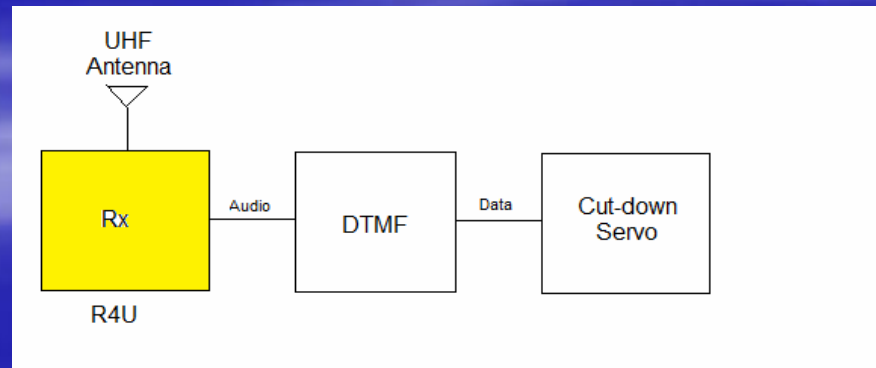
Old Control Segment

- Shared Transceiver
- Dual-tone multi-frequency board (DTMF)
- Cut-down Servo

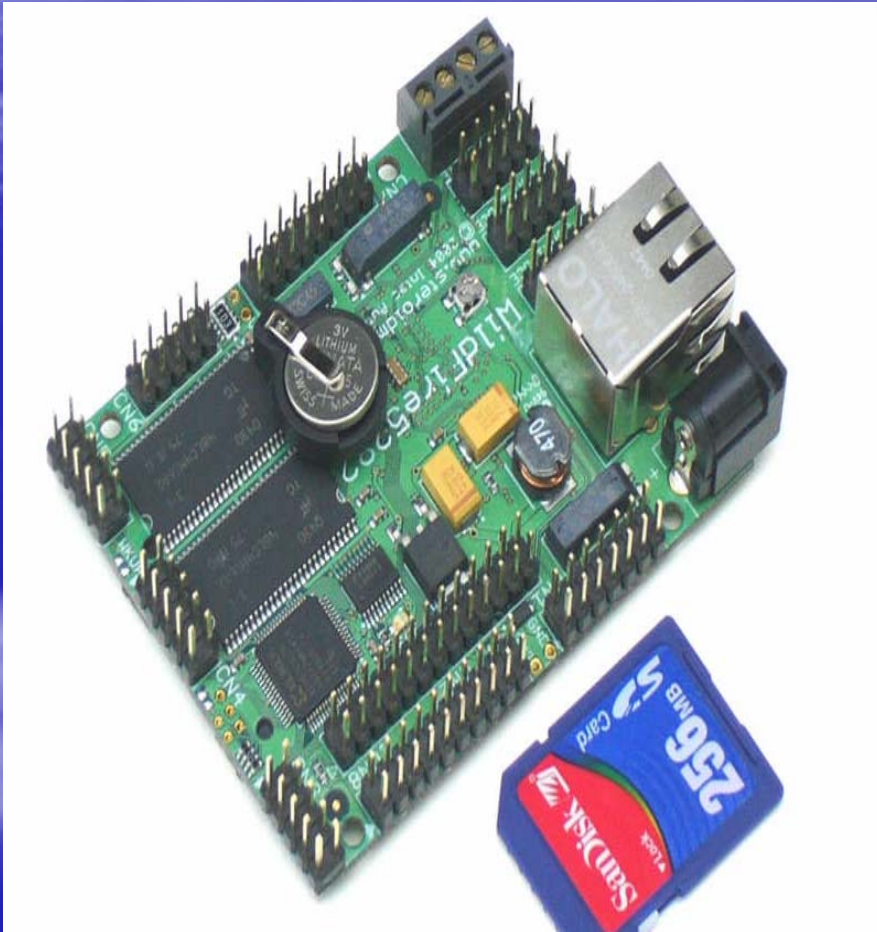


Our Control Segment

- UHF Receiver
- Dual-tone multi-frequency Board
- Cut-Down Servo



New Single Board Computer



- WildFire 5282
 - Uses Linux operating system
 - Programmable in uCLinux
 - Designed for industrial applications
 - 64MHz FreeScale Integrated ColdFire Version 2 Microcontroller
 - Costs \$199
 - Already have in stock

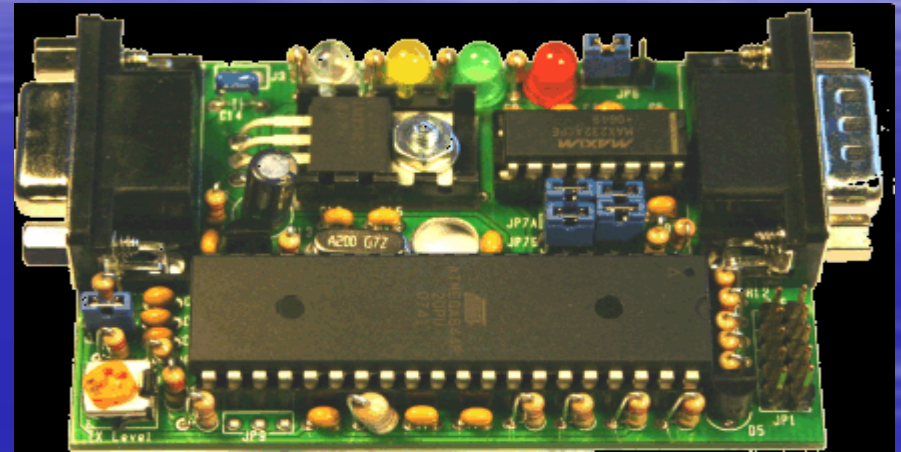
Advantages/Disadvantages of New SBC vs. old SBC



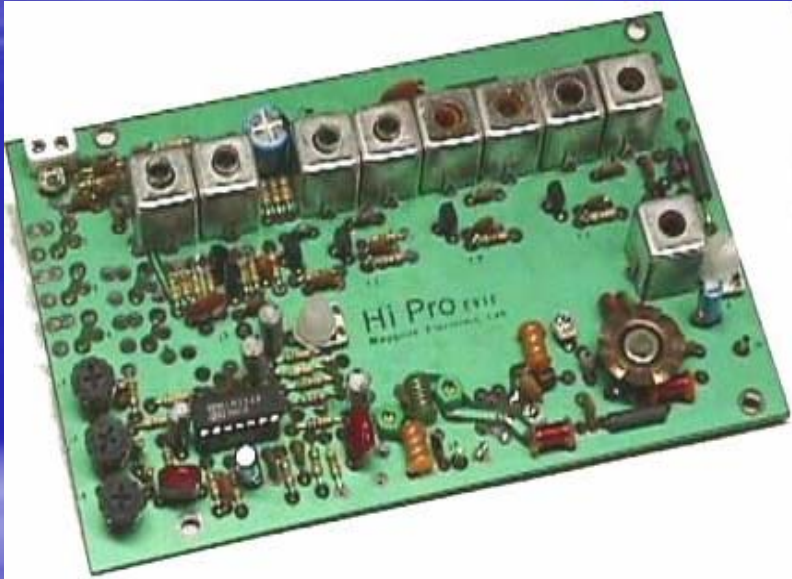
- Advantages
 - The WildFire has a more stable operating system
 - This leads to less likely errors
 - One can use uCLinux instead of PBASIC
 - Uses a external memory SD card
 - Stores data so reboot does not reset or corrupt data
 - Can easily change code
 - Can have multiple code ready
 - More Rugged
 - Designed for harsher environments
 - Better operating system
 - Faster 64MHz to 20MHz
 - A thousand times more memory
- Disadvantages
 - Weighs slightly more
 - Must change premade code to new system
 - More expensive \$199 vs. \$75

New TNC

- Tiny Track 4
 - Converts Data signal from SBC to audio for output
 - Uses KISS protocol
 - Costs \$65
 - Already have in stock



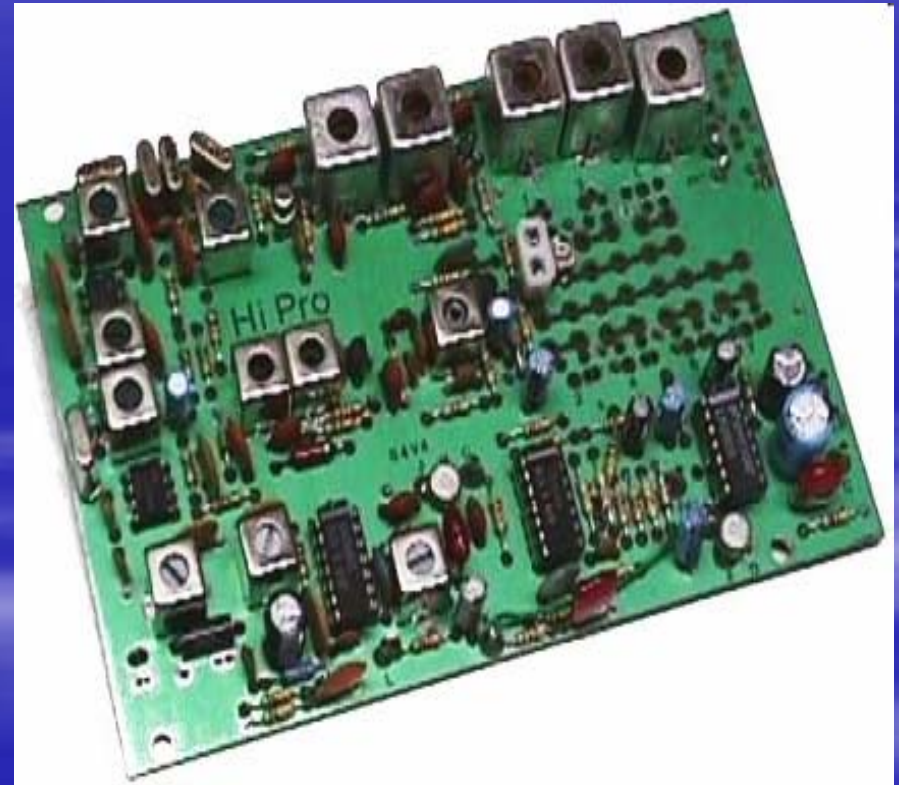
New Transmitter



- Maggorie EV-1
 - Operates 144-174MHz
 - Power output adjustable to 5W
 - 12V input
 - 750mA current draw
 - 3.875 by 6.125 inches
 - Built according to mil spec. standards
 - RF shielded
 - Fundamental oscillator stabilized
 - Costs \$225

New Receiver

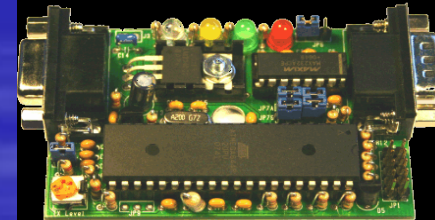
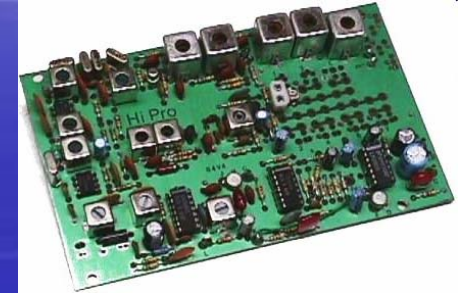
- Maggorie R4U
 - Operates at 420-512MHz
 - 12dB Sensitivity
 - 12V input
 - 90mA current draw
 - 3.875 by 6.125 inches
 - Built according to mil spec. standards
 - RF shielded
 - Fundamental oscillator stabilized
 - Costs \$305



Advantages/ Disadvantages of Transmit/ Receive Unit vs. Transceiver

■ Advantages

- Weight
 - We are cutting about 2oz
 - Could drop more weight by refining the board
- Adaptability
 - Can change, other units/features can be added in future with ease
- Loose Boards
 - Can be troubleshoot and repaired
 - Gives us more adaptability
- Power
 - Can be attached to the power bus
 - Backup can be used as the board will not reset
- Availability
 - Can order new units and parts
 - Schematics online
 - 2 year warranty
- Receiver and Transmitter isolation
 - The control and telemetry units will be on exclusive isolated frequencies



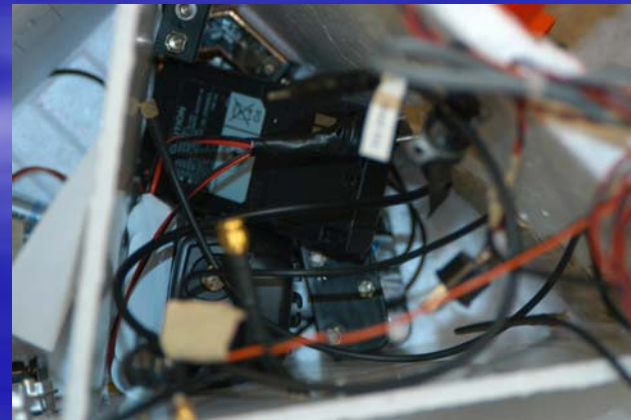
■ Disadvantages

- Lose Boards
 - Adds extra wiring
 - Not compact
- Power
 - Draws a large amount of power that is not isolated from the rest of the balloon
- Adaptability
 - Frequency changes take time and effort to get exact
 - Expensive up front cost



Other Goals

- Antenna
 - Installing a UHF dipole antenna
- Organization
 - Reorganizing the box and wiring for better organization and ease of testing



QUESTIONS

